

# Article 43 and the generic challenge

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# Why is there a challenge?

- Regulation 1107/2009 basic architecture is for a new substance approval, followed by an authorisation
- Majority of regulatory resource is spent on
  - Substance renewal
  - Authorisation renewal
- Regulation not "fit for purpose"

notifier I

renewal
notifier I
notifier 2

applicant 2

# Article 61 challenge

- How to avoid duplicative testing when there's no information on <u>necessary studies</u>?
- How to avoid duplicative testing when there's no time to negotiate data sharing?
- How to avoid duplicative testing when there's no penalty for unfair, non-transparent, or discriminatory behaviour of data-owners?
- Do we really want 100+ renewal notifiers for each substance?



## Article 61, when? and what?

- Long before application for renewal:
  - Pre-submission meetings
    - Every authorisation holder in the EU becomes notifier?
- "Everybody knows the Data Requirements"
  - It is left to notifiers to decide what's "necessary"
  - leading to
    - precautionary over-engineering, and/or
    - intentional malicious over-engineering
  - supported by vague, meaningless or false justifications
    - without consequence, and
    - blind copying of the "list" (Art. 60.1)
- Alternative: Data Call-In system:
  - RMS or EFSA does pre-audit, submits proposal for necessary studies for renewal to Commission;
  - Commission together with SCoPAFF decides on necessary studies, publishes in Official Journal the "Data Call-In":
  - Everybody knows what data are necessary for renewal
  - All interested parties join in a single Task Force



# Art. 61 challenge, continued

- Next phase: 1 applicant, or 2, or a Task Force
- other interested parties want to join?:
  - "too late in the process"
  - "only when you buy in to the complete developed package" (80% not "necessary"),
  - "please confirm the specifications of your active substance"
  - "sorry, not interested", or
  - no reply at all
- Forced to duplicate data, but... what data?
  - RMS accepted list, but does not publish required list of "necessary studies"
  - EFSA changes, almost always, what is considered "necessary"
  - Even at time of renewal, Commission changes once more what EFSA considered "necessary" (see "Cat.1 studies")



# Art. 61 challenge, continued

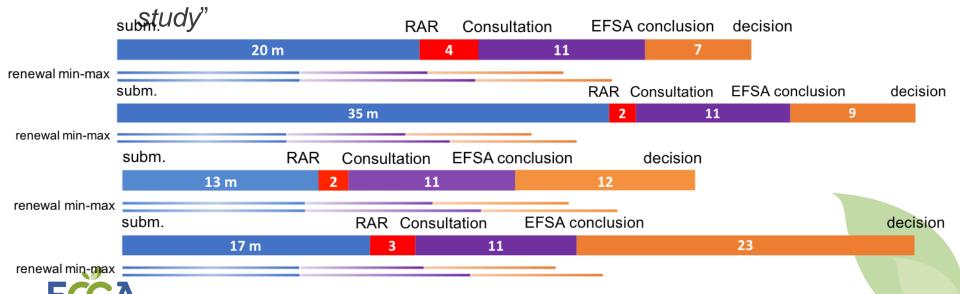
- Only after renewal (plus waiting until publication of Renewal Report):
  - Indication (but no confirmation) of "necessary data"
- How much time left for approaching data owners, to negotiate and conclude data sharing?
  - 3 months
  - realistic?
- Forced duplication of studies,
  - moderated by the competent authorities who did not provide the information to prevent it, and
  - penalised by the competent authorities who assess the renewal dossiers



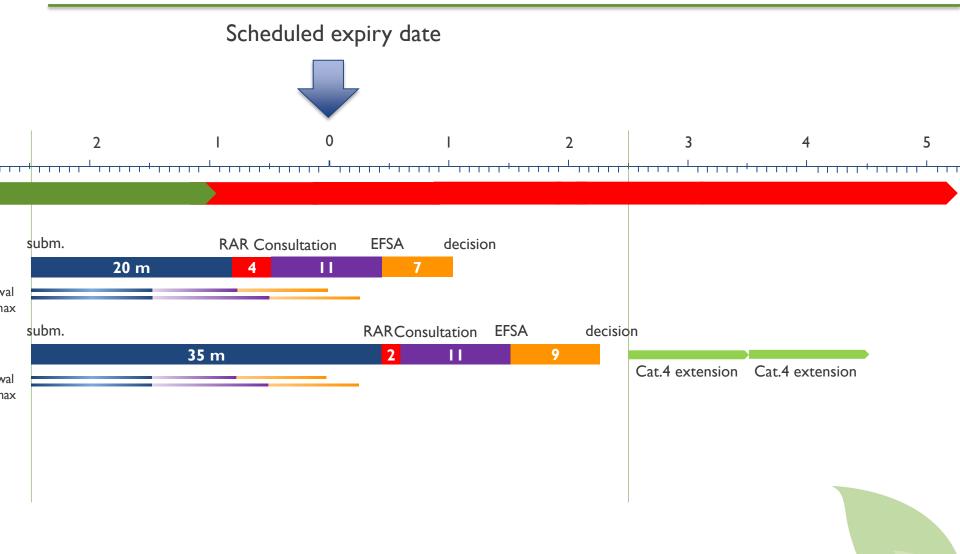
# Art. 61 challenge, continued

### Cat. 4 studies:

- "Data which are directly related to new guidance13 in place at the time of submission or to a new/revised endpoint decided at the time of the renewal of the approval of the active substance (endpoints as listed in the supporting information to the EFSA conclusions) and for which the time is too short from the publication of the EFSA conclusion to produce the requested

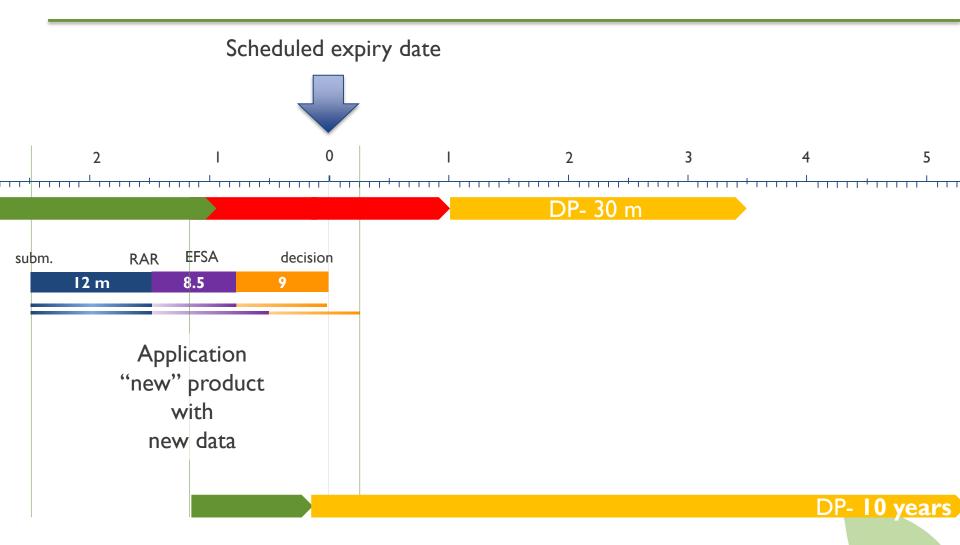


# the renewal "lock-out" challenge





# the 10-year trick challenge





# the specification change challenge

substance	renewal regulation	date ↓↓	old spec (min g/kg) ▼	new spec (min g/kg ▼	old impurities	new impurities
mepanipyrim	SANTE/2017-10618	draft	960	970	none	Toluene: max. 5 g/kg
copper compounds (Copper	SANTE/2018/10505	draft	573 550 820 245 490	573 550 820 245 490	Arsenic max. 0.1 mg/g Cu -	Arsenic max. 0.1 mg/g Cu - Cadmium max. 0.1 mg/g Cu - Lead
hydroxide - Copper					Cadmium max. 0.1 mg/g Cu -	max. 0.3 mg/g Cu - Nickel max. 1 mg/g Cu - Cobalt max. 3 mg/kg
oxychloride - Copper oxide -					Lead max 0.5 mg/g Cu	Mercury max. 5 mg/kg - Chromium max. 100 mg/kg - Antimony
Bordeaux mixture - Tribasic					ÜÜ	max. 7 mg/kg
copper sulphate)						
methoxyfenozide	SANTE/2108/10294 rev1	draft	970	970	none	tert-butylhydrazine < 0.001 g/kg; RH-116267 < 2 g/kg
pethoxamid	2018/1264	20/09/2018	940	940	none	Toluene: max. 3 g/kg
	2018/1061	26/07/2018	900	910		
carfentrazone-ethyl					none	none
trifloxystrobin	2018/1060	26/07/2018	960	975	none	AE 1344136 (max. 4 g/kg)
propyzamide	2018/755	23/05/2018	920	920	none	none
silthio fam	2018/710	14/05/2018	950	980	none	none
zoxamide	2018/692	07/05/2018	950	953	none	none
forchlorfenuron	2018/679	03/05/2018	978	978	none	none
bentazone	2018/660	26/04/2018	960	960	none	1,2-dichloroethane < 3 mg/kg
acetamiprid	2018/113	24/01/2018	990	990	none	none
laminarin	2018/112	24/01/2018	860	860	none	none
glyphosate	2017/2324	12/12/2017	950	950	none	Formaldehyde, less than 1 g/kg N-Nitroso-glyphosate, less than 1
imazamox	2017/1531	07/09/2017	950	950	The impurity cyanide ion (CN-)	The impurity cyanide ion (CN-) shall not exceed 5 mg/kg in the
					shall not exceed 5 mg/kg in the	technical material.
					technical material.	
maleic hydrazide	2017/1506	28/08/2017	940	979	none	Until 1 November 2018, the impurity hydrazine shall not exceed 1
						mg/kg in the technical material. From 1 November 2018, the
2,4-DB	2017/1491	21/08/2017	940	940	none	Free phenols (expressed as 2,4-dichlorophenol (2,4-DCP)): max.
						15 g/kg. Dibenzo-p-dioxins and polychlorinated dibenzofurans
propoxycarbazone	2017/1115	22/06/2017	950	950	none	none
pendimethalin	2017/1114	22/06/2017	900	900	none	1,2-dichloroethane ≤ 1 g/kg Total N-Nitroso compounds: max 100
						ppm. of which N-Nitroso-pendimethalin: < 45 ppm.
benzoic acid	2017/1113	22/06/2017	990	990	none	none
flazasulfuron	2017/805	11/05/2017	940	960	none	none
mesosulfuron	2017/755	28/04/2017	930	930	none	none
cyhalofop-butyl	2017/753	28/04/2017	950	950	none	none
mesotrione	2017/725	24/04/2017	920	920	R287431 < 0,0002 % (w/w) in	R287431 max 2 mg/kg R287432 max 2 g/kg 1,2-dichloroethane
					the technical product.	max 1 g/kg
iodosulfuron	2017/407	08/03/2017	910	910	none	none
prosulfuron	2017/375	02/03/2017	950	950	none	The impurity 2-(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)-benzene sulphonamide shall
*					1010	not exceed 10 g/kg in the technical material
thiabendazole	2017/157	30/01/2017	985	985	none	none
etho fumesate	2016/1426	25/08/2016	960	970	none	The following impurities are of toxicological concern and must not
					none	exceed the following levels in the technical material: — EMS; ethyl
						methane sulfonate: maximum of 0,1 mg/kg — iBMS; iso-butyl
						methane sulfonate: maximum of 0.1 mo/ko
thifensulfuron-methyl	2016/1424	25/08/2016	960	960	none	none
picolinafen	2016/1423	25/08/2016	970	980	none	none
acibenzolar-s-methyl	2016/389	17/03/2016	970	970	none	Toluene: max. 5 g/kg
pyraflufen-ethyl	2016/182	11/02/2016	956	956	none	none
iprovalicarb	2016/147	04/02/2016	950	950	none	Toluene: not more than 3 g/kg
lambda-cyhalothrin	2016/146	04/02/2016	810	900	none	none
metsulfuron-methyl	2016/139	02/02/2016	960	967		
esfen valerate	2015/2047	16/11/2015	830	830	none	none
esicii vaiciate	2013/2047	10/11/2013	030	630	none	The impurity toluene shall not exceed 10 g/kg in the technical material.
2,4-D	2015/2033	13/11/2015	960	960	none	raterial.  Free phenols (expressed as 2,4-DCP): not more than 3 g/kg. Sum
2,4-0	2013/2033	13/11/2013	900	900	none	
						of dioxins and furans (WHO-TCDD TEQ) (2): not more than 0,01
florasulam	2015/1397	14/08/2015	970	970	none	mg/kg. Impurity: 2,6-DFA, not more than 2 g/kg
fenhexamid	2015/1201	22/07/2015	950	975		
iennexamid	2013/1201	22/07/2013	930	9/3	none	The following relevant impurity must not exceed a certain
						threshold in the technical material: — toluene: max. 1 g/kg, — 4-
ferric phosphate	2015/1166	15/07/2015	990	703	none	amino-2.3-dichlorophenol: max. 3 g/kg.
sulfosulfuron	2015/1166		770			none
		14/07/2015	980	980	none	Phenol: < 2 g/kg
pyridate	2015/1115	09/07/2015	900 910	900 910	none	none
kresoxim-methyl	2011/810	11/08/2011	910	910	none	Methanol: max. 5 g/kg Methyl chloride: max. 1 g/kg Toluene:
0	2011/726	26/07/2011	950	950		max. 1 e/ke
fluroxypyr	2011/736	26/07/2011			none	none
imazalil	2011/705	20/07/2011	950	950	none	none
azoxystrobin	2011/703	20/07/2011	930	930	Z isomer maximim 25 g/kg)	Toluene maximum content 2 g/kg Z-isomer maximum content 25
						e/ke
prohexadione-calcium	2011/702	20/07/2011	890	890	none	none
azimsulfuron-methyl	2010/54	20/08/2010	980	980	none	maximum level of the impurity phenol 2 g/kg



# the specification change challenge

- Minimum purity change:
  - No reason, other than the notifier's new manufacturing specs
- Max impurities:
  - Based on hazard?
  - No justification
  - Max. levels depend on notifier's specs
    - 1,2-dichloroethane:
      - Pendimethalin: <1,000 mg/kg</li>
      - Mesotrione: <1,000 mg/kg</li>
      - Bentazone: <3 mg/kg</li>
    - toluene:
      - 1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 5, 10 g/kg



# Thank you for your attention

